

Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, Ohio, 2015

| Industry ² | NAICS code ³ | Total recordable cases | Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction | | | Other recordable cases |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------|
| | | | Total | Cases with days away from work ⁴ | Cases with job transfer or restriction | |
| All industries including state and local government⁵ | | 2.9 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 0.6 | 1.4 |
| Private industry⁵ | | 2.8 | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.6 | 1.4 |
| Goods-producing⁵ | | 3.4 | 1.9 | 1.0 | 0.9 | 1.5 |
| Natural resources and mining^{5,6} | | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Agriculture, forestry, fishing and hunting⁵ | | 4.0 | 2.3 | 0.3 | 2.1 | 1.6 |
| Crop production ⁵ | 111 | 6.2 | 4.4 | -- | 4.1 | 1.8 |
| Animal production and aquaculture ⁵ | 112 | 0.7 | 0.4 | 0.4 | -- | -- |
| Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction⁶ | | -- | 1.2 | 0.6 | -- | -- |
| Construction | | 3.3 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 0.5 | 1.1 |
| Construction | | 3.3 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 0.5 | 1.1 |
| Specialty trade contractors | 238 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 0.3 | 1.2 |
| Manufacturing | | 3.5 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| Manufacturing | | 3.5 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.6 |
| Food manufacturing | 311 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.0 |
| Beverage and tobacco product manufacturing | 312 | 6.2 | 4.3 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.9 |
| Wood product manufacturing | 321 | 7.3 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 4.4 |
| Paper manufacturing | 322 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.7 | 1.2 |
| Printing and related support activities | 323 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 1.2 |
| Chemical manufacturing | 325 | 2.1 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.6 | -- |
| Plastics and rubber products manufacturing | 326 | 4.8 | 2.6 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 2.2 |
| Nonmetallic mineral product manufacturing | 327 | 4.9 | 2.3 | 0.7 | 1.6 | -- |
| Primary metal manufacturing | 331 | 5.4 | 2.9 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 2.5 |
| Fabricated metal product manufacturing | 332 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.5 |
| Machinery manufacturing | 333 | 3.8 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 2.2 |
| Computer and electronic product manufacturing | 334 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.3 |
| Electrical equipment, appliance, and component manufacturing | 335 | 3.1 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 0.9 | 1.4 |
| Transportation equipment manufacturing | 336 | 4.0 | 2.4 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing | 339 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 0.5 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| Service-providing | | 2.5 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.3 |
| Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸ | | 3.2 | 1.8 | 1.1 | 0.7 | 1.4 |
| Wholesale trade | | 2.8 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 1.1 |
| Merchant wholesalers, durable goods | 423 | 3.1 | 2.0 | 1.4 | -- | 1.1 |
| Merchant wholesalers, nondurable goods | 424 | 2.9 | 1.8 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 1.0 |
| Retail trade | | 3.1 | 1.5 | 0.7 | 0.8 | 1.5 |
| Motor vehicle and parts dealers | 441 | 4.0 | 1.3 | 0.6 | -- | 2.7 |
| Building material and garden equipment and supplies dealers | 444 | 3.7 | 2.7 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 0.9 |
| Food and beverage stores | 445 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.5 | 1.5 |
| Health and personal care stores | 446 | -- | 1.1 | 1.1 | -- | 1.0 |
| Gasoline stations | 447 | -- | 0.6 | -- | 0.6 | -- |
| Clothing and clothing accessories stores | 448 | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Sporting goods, hobby, book, and music stores | 451 | 2.6 | 1.0 | 0.4 | -- | 1.5 |
| General merchandise stores | 452 | 3.9 | 2.1 | 0.8 | 1.3 | 1.8 |
| Transportation and warehousing⁸ | | 4.0 | 2.7 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 1.3 |
| Air transportation | 481 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.2 | -- | 0.4 |
| Rail transportation ⁸ | 482 | 1.3 | 0.9 | 0.8 | -- | 0.4 |
| Truck transportation | 484 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 2.2 | -- | -- |
| Transit and ground passenger transportation | 485 | 2.1 | 1.0 | -- | -- | 1.1 |
| Couriers and messengers | 492 | 5.1 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.7 |
| Warehousing and storage | 493 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 1.9 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Utilities | | 3.2 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 0.9 |
| Utilities | 221 | 3.2 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 0.7 | 0.9 |
| Information | | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, Ohio, 2015

| Industry ² | NAICS code ³ | Total recordable cases | Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction | | | Other recordable cases |
|---|-------------------------|------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------|
| | | | Total | Cases with days away from work ⁴ | Cases with job transfer or restriction | |
| Information | | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Publishing industries (except internet) | 511 | 0.7 | 0.2 | 0.2 | -- | 0.5 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.2 | -- | 0.4 |
| Finance and insurance | | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- | -- |
| Credit intermediation and related activities | 522 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- | 0.1 |
| Insurance carriers and related activities | 524 | 0.3 | 0.1 | 0.1 | -- | 0.2 |
| Real estate and rental and leasing | | 1.8 | 0.7 | 0.6 | -- | -- |
| Professional and business services | | 1.4 | 0.6 | 0.3 | -- | 0.8 |
| Management of companies and enterprises | | 0.6 | 0.2 | 0.1 | 0.1 | 0.4 |
| Educational and health services | | 3.4 | 1.5 | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.9 |
| Educational services | | 1.3 | 0.6 | 0.5 | 0.1 | 0.7 |
| Health care and social assistance | | 3.7 | 1.6 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 2.1 |
| Ambulatory health care services | 621 | 1.5 | 0.5 | 0.3 | 0.2 | 1.0 |
| Hospitals | 622 | 4.7 | 1.3 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 3.4 |
| Nursing and residential care facilities | 623 | 5.8 | 3.6 | 1.6 | 2.0 | 2.2 |
| Leisure, entertainment, and hospitality | | 2.8 | 1.2 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 1.6 |
| Arts, entertainment, and recreation | | 3.4 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| Performing arts, spectator sports, and related industries | 711 | 5.0 | 2.0 | 0.3 | 1.7 | 3.0 |
| Museums, historical sites, and similar institutions | 712 | 6.4 | 4.4 | -- | 3.0 | 2.0 |
| Amusement, gambling, and recreation industries | 713 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 1.0 |
| Accommodation and food services | | 2.7 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 1.6 |
| Accommodation | 721 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 1.2 | 1.0 | 0.7 |
| Food services and drinking places | 722 | 2.7 | 0.9 | 0.8 | -- | 1.7 |
| Other services (except public administration) | | 2.4 | 0.6 | -- | 0.2 | 1.8 |
| Other services (except public administration) | | 2.4 | 0.6 | -- | 0.2 | 1.8 |
| State and local government⁵ | | 4.1 | 2.1 | 1.5 | 0.6 | 2.0 |
| State government⁵ | | 1.6 | 0.9 | 0.5 | -- | 0.7 |
| Service-providing | | 1.6 | 0.9 | 0.5 | -- | 0.7 |
| Educational and health services | | 2.1 | 1.0 | 0.6 | 0.4 | 1.0 |
| Educational services | | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| Educational services | 611 | 1.2 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.5 |
| Health care and social assistance | | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Hospitals | 622 | 4.1 | 1.8 | 0.9 | 0.9 | 2.3 |
| Local government⁵ | | 4.8 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 0.7 | 2.3 |
| Service-providing | | 4.7 | 2.4 | 1.7 | 0.7 | 2.3 |
| Trade, transportation, and utilities⁸ | | 5.5 | 3.5 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 2.1 |
| Transportation and warehousing⁸ | | 6.1 | 4.1 | 3.5 | -- | 2.0 |
| Transit and ground passenger transportation | 485 | 5.7 | 3.5 | 3.5 | -- | 2.2 |
| Utilities | | 5.0 | 2.9 | 1.3 | -- | 2.1 |
| Utilities | 221 | 5.0 | 2.9 | 1.3 | -- | 2.1 |
| Educational and health services | | 2.1 | 1.1 | -- | -- | -- |

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Table 1. Incidence rates¹ of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses by selected industries and case types, Ohio, 2015

| Industry ² | NAICS code ³ | Total recordable cases | Cases with days away from work, job transfer, or restriction | | | Other recordable cases |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------|
| | | | Total | Cases with days away from work ⁴ | Cases with job transfer or restriction | |
| Educational services | | 1.4 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Educational services | 611 | 1.4 | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Health care and social assistance | | 5.3 | 2.7 | 1.3 | -- | -- |
| Hospitals | 622 | 4.8 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 0.3 | 3.2 |
| Nursing and residential care facilities | 623 | 9.2 | 5.3 | 5.3 | -- | 3.9 |
| Public administration | | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |
| Public administration | | -- | -- | -- | -- | -- |

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and/or illnesses per 100 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 200,000 where,
 N = number of injuries and/or illnesses
 EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year
 200,000 = base for 100 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Totals include data for industries not shown separately.

³ *North American Industry Classification System* -- United States, 2012.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

⁵ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁶ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the *North American Industry Classification System*, 2012 edition) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes OSHA made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁷ Data for mining operators in this industry are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁸ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation.

⁹ Data too small to be displayed.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals. Dash indicates data do not meet publication guidelines.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 25, 2016