

Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ¹ by selected worker occupations and major industry sector, private industry, Ohio, 2015

Occupation	Private industry ^{2,3,4}	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	30,080	9,560	--	3,310	6,100	20,530	9,340	--	490	1,970	5,090	2,460	--	--
Laborers and freight, stock, and material movers, hand	2,640	790	--	--	790	1,850	1,760	--	--	60	20	--	--	--
Heavy and tractor-trailer truck drivers	1,750	70	--	--	50	1,680	1,590	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Nursing assistants	1,300	--	--	--	--	1,300	--	--	--	--	1,280	--	--	--
Maintenance and repair workers, general	980	360	--	--	340	620	300	--	120	90	50	60	--	--
Light truck or delivery services drivers	910	40	--	--	--	870	770	--	--	--	20	--	--	--
Retail salespersons	770	--	--	--	--	770	770	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Combined food preparation and serving workers, including fast food	710	--	--	--	--	710	40	--	--	--	30	650	--	--
Construction laborers	640	620	--	620	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Construction managers	590	590	--	590	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Heating, air conditioning, and refrigeration mechanics and installers	590	290	--	280	--	300	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Electricians	590	590	--	530	60	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Driver/sales workers	520	80	--	--	80	440	320	--	--	--	--	120	--	--
Food preparation workers	500	--	--	--	--	500	310	--	--	--	40	160	--	--
Registered nurses	500	--	--	--	--	500	--	--	--	--	490	--	--	--
Telecommunications equipment installers and repairers, except line installers	440	130	--	130	--	310	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Automotive service technicians and mechanics	440	--	--	--	--	440	150	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Janitors and cleaners, except maids and housekeeping cleaners	430	90	--	--	20	340	30	--	20	120	130	30	--	--
First-line supervisors of food preparation and serving workers	420	--	--	--	--	420	--	--	--	--	--	400	--	--
Customer service representatives	410	--	--	--	--	390	320	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Stock clerks and order fillers	410	--	--	--	--	410	410	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Personal care aides	370	--	--	--	--	370	--	--	--	--	370	--	--	--
General and operations managers	300	--	--	--	--	40	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Cutting, punching, and press machine setters, operators, and tenders, metal and plastic	300	300	--	--	300	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Team assemblers	290	280	--	--	280	20	20	--	--	--	--	--	--	--
Home health aides	280	--	--	--	--	280	--	--	--	--	260	--	--	--
Maids and housekeeping cleaners	280	--	--	--	--	280	--	--	--	--	160	120	--	--

¹ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

² Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

³ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

⁴ Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 27, 2016

