

Table 12. Number of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work<sup>1</sup> by time, hours on the job, and day of week and major industry sector, Private industry, Ohio, 2012

Characteristic	Private industry <sup>2,3,4</sup>	Goods producing				Service providing								
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining <sup>2,3</sup>	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities <sup>4</sup>	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration
Total	32,350	8,150	280	1,700	6,180	24,190	9,440	300	--	2,860	6,500	--	1,370	--
Time of event:														
12:01 AM - 4:00 AM	1,160	420	20	--	400	740	230	--	--	110	290	--	--	--
4:01 AM - 8:00 AM	3,670	960	20	240	690	2,710	1,190	30	--	620	620	--	--	--
8:01 AM - 12:00 PM	7,800	2,150	60	510	1,590	5,650	2,510	80	--	560	1,680	--	--	--
12:01 PM - 4:00 PM	6,650	1,580	40	470	1,070	5,070	1,660	80	--	730	1,170	--	--	--
4:01 PM - 8:00 PM	3,550	740	70	50	620	2,810	1,070	--	--	200	1,070	--	--	--
8:01 PM - 12:00 AM	2,470	550	20	--	530	1,920	790	20	--	140	420	--	--	--
Not reported	7,050	1,760	60	430	1,270	5,290	2,000	70	--	510	1,260	--	--	--
Hours on the job before event occurred:														
Occurred before shift began	240	50	--	--	30	190	30	--	--	--	110	--	--	--
Less than 1 hour	2,770	650	--	150	460	2,120	770	70	--	500	600	--	--	--
1 - 2 hours	3,200	710	--	100	600	2,500	920	--	--	240	1,060	--	--	--
2 - 4 hours	6,560	1,750	30	400	1,320	4,810	2,140	20	--	380	1,260	--	--	--
4 - 6 hours	4,410	1,190	--	130	1,050	3,220	1,170	30	--	280	920	--	--	--
6 - 8 hours	4,080	1,180	--	320	840	2,910	1,040	40	--	450	730	--	--	--
8 - 10 hours	2,270	560	--	90	470	1,710	640	20	--	290	340	--	--	--
10 - 12 hours	570	160	--	50	110	420	200	--	--	90	110	--	--	--
12 - 16 hours	330	--	--	--	--	320	60	--	--	90	90	--	--	--
More than 16 hours	40	--	--	--	--	40	--	--	--	--	20	--	--	--
Not reported	7,860	1,910	190	430	1,290	5,950	2,460	90	--	520	1,290	--	--	--
Day of week:														
Sunday	1,570	240	--	--	220	1,330	440	30	--	40	490	--	--	--
Monday	7,020	1,730	50	420	1,260	5,290	2,390	30	--	650	1,390	--	--	--
Tuesday	5,220	1,480	70	300	1,110	3,740	1,890	30	--	400	840	--	--	--
Wednesday	5,020	1,550	20	420	1,100	3,470	1,240	60	--	630	820	--	--	--
Thursday	6,000	1,610	50	300	1,270	4,390	1,300	40	--	760	1,070	--	--	--
Friday	4,830	1,060	20	200	840	3,770	1,350	50	--	300	1,170	--	--	--
Saturday	2,690	490	60	--	390	2,200	830	60	--	90	730	--	--	--

<sup>1</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

<sup>2</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>3</sup> Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System -- United States, 2007) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

<sup>4</sup> Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U. S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, November 19, 2013